

THE TROY HERALD.

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TROY, N. Y.

General News Summary.

Washington.

The Mexican Border Commission has lodged its final report with the State Department. Four hundred cases, aggregating in amount \$11,000,000, are reported. Secretary Richardson has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to give notice that during the month of July he will sell one million of gold on the first, second, fourth and fifth Thursdays each, and one and a half million on the third Thursday, and that he will purchase half a million of bonds on the third Wednesday of the month. In all he will sell \$5,000,000 gold and buy five hundred thousand in bonds.

The fiscal year closed June 30. The receipts of internal revenue for the year are \$115,067,737.61. The estimate of the Department was \$110,000,000.

A Washington dispatch says that the impression is gaining ground, that Hon. E. R. Hoar, of Mass., will be appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court at the assembling of Congress in December.

Private information from friends of Vice President Wilson is to the effect that he does not recover as fast as they hoped he would, and that his condition is such as to cause them much apprehension.

By the breaking of a coupling, five passenger coaches of the through train from Washington to New York, on the evening of June 30, were thrown from the track in Washington, badly wrecking the coaches and track, and seriously injuring a number of passengers. Dr. Greenleaf, U. S. army, was taken from a coach insensible.

East.

Chas. A. Dana, of the New York Sun, was arrested in New York, upon the charge of libeling Alex. Shepherd of the Washington Board of Public Works.

The jury in the Woodhull, Claflin and Blood case, under instructions of Judge Blatchford, have returned a verdict of not guilty. The judge decided that newspapers were not included in obscene publications in October, 1872, when the indictment was drawn.

The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending June 27:

Receipts at all ports for the week.....	18,888
Same time last year.....	5,498
For the year.....	4,417,760
Same time last year.....	2,681,141
Exports for the week.....	96,925
Same time last year.....	3,744
For the year.....	3,450,133
Same time last year.....	1,900,061
Stock at all U. S. ports.....	305,415
Last year.....	141,877
At interior towns.....	39,613
Last year.....	12,854
At Liverpool.....	28,309
Last year.....	100,500
Afloat for Great Britain.....	160,000
Last year.....	34,000

Albert H. Smith was executed at Springfield, Mass., on the morning of June 27, for the murder of Chas. D. Sackett, in November last.

Mr. John Courtwright, son of a prominent citizen of Erie, Pa., jumped from the house-top, on the morning of June 27, while temporarily deranged. He lived but a short time.

M. J. Kelly, formerly city editor of the New York Herald, died in that city, on the morning of June 27.

The lengthy contest for the control of the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad was terminated June 28. The following are the officers: President, E. F. Bishop; Vice-President and Managing Director, A. Pierce, Jr.; Treasurer, A. N. Stout; Secretary, F. Hays.

Hon. A. O. Zabriska, ex-Chancellor of the State of New Jersey, died on the cars about 300 miles east of San Francisco, on the night of June 28.

The Bowen-Beecher scandal is to be investigated at once by the church of which Mr. Beecher is pastor.

Duden, Freres & Co., of New York, are charged with committing a series of frauds upon the revenue. The penalties are said to amount to \$2,000,000.

Lewis H. Wagner, the Isle of Shoals murderer, was recaptured in Farmington, N. H., on the afternoon of June 28.

Hon. Wm. Whiting, member of Congress from the Third, Mass., Congressional District, died of inflammation of the bowels, on the evening of June 29.

Woodhull, Claflin & Co. have been re-indicted under the obscene publication act of 1873, by a New York Grand Jury.

The following is the public debt statement for July 1:

Six per cent bonds.....	\$1,951,38,000
Five per cent bonds.....	414,507,300
Total coin bonds.....	\$1,000,000,000
Lawful money debt.....	14,678,000
Matured debt.....	51,029,710
Legal tender notes.....	350,075,167
Certificates of deposit.....	41,730,000
Fractional currency.....	44,780,263
Coin certificates.....	39,400,000
Total without interest.....	479,000,332
Total debt.....	2,234,002,003
Total interest.....	42,306,452
Cash in Treasury.....	87,507,402
Coin.....	9,763,539
Special deposit held for redemption of certificates of deposit as provided by law.....	31,730,000
Total in Treasury.....	\$ 129,020,932
Debt less cash in Treasury.....	\$2,104,981,071
Decrease during month.....	2,145,150
Bonds issued to Pacific R. R. Co., interest payable in lawful money, principal outstanding.....	64,023,512
Interest accrued and not yet paid.....	1,838,705.36
Interest paid by United States.....	18,509,281.90
Interest repaid by transportation, militia, etc.....	4,223,140.82
Balance interest paid by U. S.....	14,368,140.08

Wise and Donaldson, the Aeronauts,

are building a balloon in New York, in which they propose to make their voyage to Europe, starting about September 1. Gen. W. H. Russell, U. S. A., died in New York, on the night of June 30, after a lingering illness.

West.

The National Camp Meeting was opened at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, on June 30, by Rev. Mr. Inskip. There are about thirty ministers present and many more are expected.

The fertilizing establishment of J. S. Keck & Co., near Delhi, Ohio, was burned on the afternoon of June 28. Loss \$30,000.

Rev. Father Geyer and his brother, of Dayton, Ohio, were drowned in the Ohio river, at Ripley, Ohio, on the night of June 28, while bathing.

U. S. Senator Carpenter, of Wisconsin, made a speech at Janesville, Wis., on June 28, in defense of Back Pay, and those who took it.

There were six deaths from cholera, at Cincinnati, O., on June 27.

The town of Hamilton, Nevada, is in ruins. A fire broke out in a cigar store, and owing to the high wind, became utterly unmanageable. All the business houses are destroyed. Loss \$500,000.

David Webb and two other gentlemen of Columbus, Ohio, started from that city, on the evening of June 28, with a hack laden with fireworks, for his country residence, a little out of town. During the journey a lighted cigar fell into the fireworks and set fire to them. The top of the hack was blown off, and Mr. Webb was so badly burned that he died on the next morning. Both of the other gentlemen were seriously, if not fatally, injured.

A monstrous water-spout fell a few miles west of Lincoln, Nebraska, on the evening of June 29, deluging the country and causing much damage to the growing crops.

By the explosion of the boiler of a steam sawmill, a few miles from Terre Haute, Ind., on the evening of June 28, one of proprietors, named Robert Wilson, and one of the employees, were instantly killed. Several others were wounded, and one of them will probably die.

Thirteen deaths from cholera are reported in Cincinnati, on June 30. Mayor Johnston is down with the disease but is likely to recover.

Col. J. W. Foster, president of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, died, in Chicago, on the night of June 29.

A terrible explosion of nitro glycerine and giant powder, occurred near the corner of Taylor and B. streets, Virginia City, Nevada, on the evening of June 29, which killed twenty persons and wounded many others. Among the killed are General Von Bokelen, Major General Jacob, J. P. Smith, William Davis, Ben. Mendel, Chas. H. Knox, John Devine, Mrs. Emily O'Connor, Mrs. Ed. Deane and daughter. A large number of workmen, at last accounts, were engaged in removing the dirt and timber from the bodies of seven other persons known to be beneath the ruins.

A dispatch from Rawlins, Wyoming, states that, on June 29, a party of Indians shot a man and drove off some stock from near that place. A party of ten citizens pursued and overtook the Indians, who refused to give up the stock. A fight ensued, in which several Indians were killed and wounded. The Indians are reported to be a war party of Utes. None of the citizens were wounded.

Three deaths from cholera were reported in St. Louis, Mo., on June 30.

South.

James Mullins, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourth Tennessee District, died of cholera, at Shelbyville, in that State, on June 26.

The jury in the Cohen-Kellogg assassination case rendered a verdict of not guilty at Carrollton, La., on June 27.

Dave Delany, an Irishman, aged fifty-seven, deliberately walked into the river at the wharf, on June 27, at Little Rock, Ark., in the presence of several persons, and drowned himself. Whisky was the cause.

Jesse R. Grant, father of the President, at Covington, Ky., died of general debility at seven o'clock on the night of June 29. The President, though expected in a special train, had not arrived at the time of his death. His death has been hourly expected for several days.

A Brownsville, Texas, dispatch of June 29, via New Orleans, June 30, furnishes the intelligence that a large party of Kickapoo Indians are encamped on the Mexican side a few miles from there. It is supposed they are waiting for the Rio Grande to fall to make a raid on that place. Preparations were being made for a vigorous defense. These Indians have been in the habit of making incursions in that section, robbing ranches and killing settlers, heretofore escaping into Mexico unpunished.

David Blacklock and his sister, residing near Baltimore, Md., were found dead in the same room, the other morning. The former was poisoned and the latter was hanging to the bed-post. Supposed suicide.

A duel was fought near Montgomery Station, La., on the morning of July 1, between Judge Wm. A. Cooley, and R. B. Rhett, Jr., of the New Orleans Picayune, in which Cooley was killed at the second fire. The difficulty grew out of an article

published in the Picayune in relation to the late Hawkins libel suit. Rhett was the challenging party, and the battle was fought with double-barreled shot guns loaded with ball; distance forty yards. At the first fire, Rhett's shot ranged high, and Cooley's to the right. Cooley delivered his first shot. At the second fire both fired simultaneously, and Cooley fell mortally wounded by a shot entering his left side and passing apparently through his heart. He expired in six minutes, without apparent suffering, only speaking the words to Dr. Holliday, "I am shot through the heart."

Foreign.

The Carlist leader, Saballs, lately had three of his officers shot, and has condemned seven others to death.

A Bermuda letter to the New York Express announces the murder of an entire family, named Knowles, at Hamilton, in that island.

The Mirror, a newspaper of St. Petersburg, publishes a dispatch from Tash Menn, announcing that the Khan of Khiva has capitulated to the Russian forces, and the capital of Kahata is now occupied by the Czar's troops.

In the Chamber of Italian Deputies, on June 26, Signor Lorenzo, President of the Council, announced that all the ministers had tendered their resignations to the King, but they would remain in office until the formation of a new Cabinet.

The Emperor William of Prussia has recovered from his recent illness.

A dispatch from Heart's Content, Newfoundland, announces the arrival of the Great Eastern at that port, having successfully accomplished the feat of laying the new cable.

Hiram Powers, the American sculptor, died at Florence, Italy, on the morning of June 27, after a lingering illness.

The Brazilian Council of State has decided that Papal bulls must have the place of the government before they can be promulgated, and that sentences of excommunication are without civil effect in the Brazil.

A London dispatch of June 28 says: A dispatch received here from Constantinople says reports have been received there of a terrible massacre of Christians by Mahomedans at Gradeska, a fortified town of European Turkey, in Bosnia, on the river Save. Two hundred and seventy Christians are reported to have been murdered by the Mahomedans. No further particulars of the massacre are given. The report creates great excitement in Constantinople.

A Berlin special, of June 28, reports the advent of cholera in that city. The inhabitants are reported as being greatly alarmed.

Dutch advices, of June 28, say that the Dutch Government, with a view of terminating hostilities with the Ashantees, has offered the Sultan to pay the expenses thus far incurred by the war; to rebuild the mosque burned by the Dutch troops; to acknowledge the independence of the Sultan, and to abstain from interference with Mohammedanism.

Strong shocks of earthquake were felt in the north of Italy at 5 o'clock on the morning of June 29. The motion was severe in Venice and Verona, and caused a panic. There were several accidents in those cities, but no serious damage done to persons or property. At other points the shocks were more violent and their effect disastrous.

A dispatch from Treviso reports that at Felleto, near Conegliano, about thirty-five miles north of Venice, a church was destroyed by the earthquake and thirty-eight persons killed, and in four villages near Vittoria fourteen persons were killed and many injured. Great damage also was done in the town of Belluno, on the river Piave, fifty miles north of Venice.

A violent thunder storm on the night of June 29, in Vienna, flooded the exhibition grounds, and did much injury. The American department and the German gallery are badly damaged. The roof of the Chicago restaurant was driven in, and the building and contents ruined.

An official telegraphic dispatch from Gen. Kaufman announces that the capital of Khiva was occupied by the Russian forces on the 10th of June. The Khan of Khiva fled to Youmandow.

The weavers of Berlin are on a strike for an increase of thirty-three per cent, in wages. They number 8,000.

The Chinese have captured Momret, a capital town of Barman, northeast of Ava. The place was carried by assault, and there was great slaughter of its defenders and inhabitants.

The Spanish Minister of the Colonies has sent a cable dispatch to the Captain General of Cuba and Porto Rico. He declares that the government is determined to maintain order, and appeals to the Cuban insurgents to desist from aimless and inglorious war.

A large meeting was held in London, on the evening of June 30, presided over by the Earl of Shaftsbury, at which resolutions were adopted protesting against the introduction of the confessional in the Church of England.

—The Fall Mall Gazette ridicules the "sudden fit of moderation and good manners" which has come over the Radical French press since MacMahon came to power. The journals whose normal pitch was a howl have become suddenly soft as milk. "They koo-too to the great soldier who has their destinies in his keeping; they exhort one another to be calm, and they might be read with edification in a pious household addicted to wholesome though not heavy reading."

A physician who HEEDED HISSELF.—If a railroad director were lashed to every locomotive, there would be no railroads, and if doctors had to make their own physic before administering it to their patients, fewer people would be poisoned. Dr. Joseph Walker, of California, took this course when he first compounded the famous Vinegar Bitters which now rank as an inestimable household remedy in all parts of the United States. He healed himself with this specific before he offered it to the world. He introduced it with a simple statement of the manner in which he had discovered its vegetable ingredients and been cured, while wandering sick and poor among the California tribes. He stated what the preparation had done for himself, and a few sufferers from dyspepsia, biliousness, rheumatism, lung disease, and many other prevalent disorders, believed him, tried the new restorative and were more than satisfied with the results. In this way the sale of the Vinegar Bitters began, and we mention the fact as an evidence that in this age of intelligence and inquiry, nothing that is really valuable to mankind can prove a pecuniary failure—even though it may lack the help of capital, and have to fight its way against powerful opposing interests. Within two or three months after its introduction, the article became self-supporting, and it now yields a magnificent annual revenue.

Valuable.

Fire insurance is regarded everywhere as among the necessities of life. A property-holder is reckless without it. Life insurance is now classed with fire insurance in this particular. The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America, with Branch Office at Philadelphia (with which correspondence should be had), with the largest cash capital of any life insurance company in the world, offers insurance in all sections of the country at three-fourths the customary rates, and desires an agent in every locality. It combines absolute strength with unusual cheapness, is managed by some of the best men of the country, and is well worthy the patronage of all persons seeking insurance, and the attention of all persons seeking employment.

Two noted literary men died in New York city, last year, and it was supposed they both died poor. Each received a salary amounting to more than \$3,000 a year, for many years before he died. In one instance it was necessary to take up a collection among the friends of the deceased to obtain the necessary funds for burial expenses. In the other case, while the dead man lay in the house, a friend searching through his private papers found a life insurance policy for \$5,000. The last premium had been paid by a friend while the man was in good health. Do not neglect to insure your life. Do it now, and we recommend the old New York Life Insurance Company as one of the very best companies to insure in. Send to the home office, 348 Broadway, New York, for all necessary papers.

—A New Galvanic Battery.—Galiffe's new galvanic battery consists of a vessel in which are contained a plate of lead and a plate of zinc. The lead reaches to the bottom, while the zinc is but half as long. The bottom of the vessel is covered with a layer of red oxide of lead, and the exciting fluid is water containing ten per cent of sal ammoniac. The electro-motive power of this battery is estimated at one-third of that of a Bunsen cell. Its internal resistance is very slight and it is said to be very constant. It has the merit of cheapness.

CONSUMPTION.—For the cure of this distressing disease there has been no medicine yet discovered that can show more evidence of real merit than Allen's Lung Balm. This unequalled expectorant for curing consumption, and all diseases leading to it, such as affections of the throat, lungs, and all diseases of the pulmonary organs, is introduced to the suffering public after its merits for the cure of such diseases have been fully tested by the medical faculty. The Balm is consequently recommended by physicians who have become acquainted with its great success.

TEMPERANCE MEDICINES.

If you would patronize true Temperance Medicines, scientifically prepared by a skilled physician, and by a process the discovery of his own, wherein not a drop of rum, whiskey, beer or any other alcoholic or fermented liquor enters—use Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines. They do not manufacture drunkards as do the various "Cordials," "Tonics," "Elixirs" and "Bitters" of the day. Golden Medical Discovery is nutritious, tonic, alterative, or blood cleansing, and an unequalled cough remedy. Pleasant Purgative Pellets, scarcely larger than mustard seeds, constitute an agreeable and reliable physic. Favorite Prescription—a remedy for debilitated females, while Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy is known the world over as the greatest specific for Catarrh and "Cold in the Head" ever given to the public.

GRAND re-opening of the Olive Street Hotel, St. Louis. We notice by St. Louis papers that this house has been thoroughly remodeled and refurnished throughout, and now contains all modern improvements. This Hotel is one of the oldest and best known houses in the West. Its new proprietors, Messrs. Dorr, Thatcher & Co., are gentlemen of long experience in the Hotel Business. It is to be conducted on the American and European plan; American plan, \$2.50 per day. European plan, \$1 per day for rooms, and 50 cents for meals.

A GENTLEMAN afflicted with the chronic rheumatism says: "No description of my case can convey the vast amount of benefit I have received from the use of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. I believe it is the best article in the world for rheumatism."

If a horse has a good constitution, and has once been a good horse, no matter how old or how much run down he may be, he can be greatly improved, and in many respects made as good as new, by a liberal use of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders.

RHEUMATISM.—Among many remarkable cures by Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, I send you the following. I found my friend Deacon Barber, of this place, prostrate and helpless from a severe attack of inflammatory Rheumatism. With his consent I made a thorough application of the ointment to the diseased parts, rubbing it on with my own hands. I used one bottle. The next morning he was able to come to the breakfast table, and said he felt like a new man—though a good Providence had sent no other relief. Within a week he was perfectly well and at work on his farm.

J. E. KEELER, Wheatland, Mich. See advertisement in this paper.

WHEN THE LIVER IS OUT OF ORDER use Dr. Jayne's Sensitive Pills, and you will bring back this organ to a healthy condition, and get rid of many distressing symptoms.

THE PHYSIOLOGICAL JOURNAL.—The July number opens volume 57—certainly a venerable magazine—in a most creditable manner. Readers will find the following among the specially interesting papers: Salmon P. Chase, with Portrait; The Problem of Government; Sketches from Daily Life, illustrated; Creating an Atmosphere; Genius and Talent; How to Get Pardon; How I Gained It; The Problem, a defense; James L. Orr, with Portrait; Integrity; Where will you Summer; Compulsory Attendance, a powerful discussion of the Education Question. Terms, \$5.00 a year, or six months on trial for \$1.50. Address S. H. WALLS, 365 Broadway, New York.

ARTHUR'S ILLUSTRATED HOME MAGAZINE.—Among the interesting and valuable contents of the July number are: Frontispiece—'Self-Questioning'; 'A Story of a Strong-minded Woman,' illustrated; 'Our Home,' illustrated; 'Hugh Miller's First Day in the Quarry,' illustrated; 'Our Insect Friends,' illustrated; 'The Three Great Monuments of Pisa,' illustrated; 'Do Your Work Well,' illustrated; 'The King and the Friar,' by Virginia F. Townsend; 'Making a Home in Early Times,' illustrated; 'Crooked Places,' by Edward Garrett; 'The Temperance Question,' illustrated; 'The Deacon's Household,' by Pipsalway Poits; 'Insubordination, or, The Shoemaker's Daughters,' by T. S. Arthur; 'Saved by a Horse.' The several household departments are well filled with instructive matter. Terms: \$2.70 a year, or \$1.50 for six months, with a reduction for clubs. A beautiful steel engraving sent free to each subscriber, whether single or in clubs. Address T. S. ARTHUR & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH.—The July number contains several instructive articles. We note the following: 'The Physical Needs of a Baby'; 'Constipation and its Cure'; 'Dreadful Melancholy'; 'Diseases of the Eye,' continued, with illustrations; 'Advice to Young Ladies'; 'Science and Temperance'; 'How to Make Lean Folks Fat'; 'Disease and its Treatment.' The Household and Agricultural Department is full of valuable information. Under the general head of 'Timely Topics' are many readable and interesting editorial articles on various subjects. This number of the Science of Health begins a new volume. Single number 10 cents, or \$2 a year. S. R. WALLS, Publisher, 365 Broadway, New York.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR.—The July number contains a great variety of useful and entertaining reading for the young, and is well illustrated. The children are always delighted at the reception of this favorite little monthly, and this July issue will give them much real pleasure. \$1.25 a year; five copies, \$5; ten, one extra, \$10; extra inducements to getters-up of clubs. T. S. ARTHUR & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Career of a Great Remedy.

Twenty summers have elapsed since it was first announced that a new vegetable tonic and alterative, bearing the name of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, had been added to the list of Preventive and Restorative medicines. The modest advertisement which invited attention to the preparation, stated that it had been used with great success, in private practice, as a cure for dyspepsia, bilious complaints, constipation and intermittent fever. It was soon discovered that the article possessed extraordinary properties. The people, of every class, tested its merits as a tonic, stimulant, corrective and restorative, and found that its effects more than fulfilled their hopes and expectations. From that time to the present its course has been upward and onward, and it stands today at the head of all medicines of its class. American or imported, in the magnitude of its sales and its reputation as a safe, agreeable and potent invigorant and restorative. For languor and debility, lack of appetite and gastric disturbances, as common during the summer months, it is absolutely infallible. Indigestion, bilious disorders, constipation, nervousness, periodical fevers, and all the ordinary complaints generated by a vitiated and humid atmosphere, vanish under its renovating and regulating influence. This is its record, avouched by volumes of intelligent testimony, extending over a period of a fifth of a century, and comprehending the names of thousands of well-known citizens belonging to every class and calling. In Europe it is thought a great thing to obtain the patronage of royalty for a "patent medicine," but Hostetter's Bitters has been spontaneously approved by millions of independent sovereigns, and its patent consists in their indorsement.

SHALLENBERGER'S PILLS cure every form of Chills and Fever as certainly as bread relieves hunger, and are just as harmless. Sold by all Druggists.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 2, 1873.		
BEEF CATTLE.....	\$10.50 @	\$12.25
HOGS—Live.....	5.25 @	5.75
Dressed.....	5.25 @	5.75
SHEEP—Live.....	4.50 @	5.00
COTTON—Middling.....	20 1/2 @	21
FLOUR—Good to Choice.....	6.25 @	7.00
WHEAT—Spring No. 3.....	1.44 @	1.50
CORN—Western Mixed.....	1.15 @	1.24
OATS—No. 2.....	.81 @	.85
RYE—Western, New.....	.43 @	.45 1/2
PORK—Mess, New.....	16.00 @	16.25
LARD.....	8 1/2 @	9 1/2
CHICAGO.		
BEEVES—Choice.....	8.50 @	8.75
Good.....	8.20 @	8.40
Fair Grades.....	8.25 @	8.50
Medium.....	8.75 @	9.00
HOGS—Live.....	4.25 @	4.50
SHEEP—Good to Choice.....	4.50 @	5.00
FLOUR—White Winter Extra.....	7.50 @	8.00
Spring Extra.....	7.50 @	8.00
GRAIN—Wheat—Spring No. 3.....	1.22 1/2 @	1.23
No. 2.....	1.16 @	1.16 1/2
Corn—No. 2.....	33 1/2 @	34 1/2
Oats.....	20 @	20 1/2
Rye—No. 2.....	1.15 @	1.20
Barley—No. 2.....	51 @	51 1/2
LARD.....	8 @	8 1/2
PORK—Mess, New.....	14 1/2 @	14.39
BUTTER—Choice.....	17 @	18
EGGS—Fresh.....	13 1/2 @	13
CINCINNATI.		
FLOUR—Family.....	6.50 @	6.85
WHEAT—Red.....	1.25 @	1.30
CORN—New.....	1.15 @	1.20
OATS—New.....	.80 @	.85
BARLEY.....	41 @	42
COTTON—Middling.....	18 1/2 @	19
LARD.....	8 1/2 @	9 1/2
PORK—Mess, New.....	15.75 @	16.00
ST. LOUIS.		
COTTON—Middling.....	18 @	18 1/2
BEEF CATTLE—Choice.....	6.75 @	6.80
FLOUR—Good to Choice.....	6.25 @	6.50
HOGS—Live.....	3.80 @	4.25
FLOUR—XX.....	6.00 @	6.50
WHEAT—Winter No. 2.....	1.64 @	1.67 1/2
CORN—No. 2, Mixed.....	.65 @	.65 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.67 @	.70
RYE—No. 2.....	.37 @	.37 1/2
BARLEY—No. 2.....	50 @	50 1/2
PORK—Mess, New.....	15.10 @	15.75
LARD.....	7 1/2 @	8
WOOL—Unwashed.....	32 @	35
MEMPHIS.		
COTTON—Middling.....	18 @	18 1/2
FLOUR—Family.....	8.00 @	10.50
CORN—New.....	.55 @	.56
OATS—New.....	.39 @	.40
NEW ORLEANS.		
FLOUR—Choice and Family.....	9.00 @	1